| Advance Fort Lauderdale<br>Comprehensive Plan  | Proposed Policy for Commission<br>Consideration  | Impact   |
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| Reduce GHG emissions from City<br>Operations by 80% by 2050<br>(EVALUATION MEASURE CC 1.1.1) | Achieve government operations net<br>zero emissions by 2040 and<br>community net zero emissions by<br>2050 (Ready for 100)   | Setting a net zero long term emissions goal is essential to<br>align strategic and operational priorities. Accomplishing this<br>would require the policies and efforts described below as a<br>starting point. Costs will be determined by the approaches<br>selected below.  |
| Source 20% of electricity from<br>renewable energy by 2030. (EM CC<br>1.1.6:)                | <ul> <li>Require sourcing of 20% of electricity from renewable energy by 2030 through</li> <li>Addition of solar with all roof replacements on existing facilities;</li> <li>Requiring at least a 20% renewable energy contribution on all new facilities; and</li> <li>Purchases of renewable energy credits</li> </ul> | Increasing renewable energy (onsite energy generation) is a<br>key part of any net zero effort. Preliminary estimates to<br>install photovoltaic systems producing 4% of the City's<br>electricity usage would cost \$6.2 million (materials only –<br>installation costs not included) as per the Renewable Energy<br>Feasibility Study. Supplementing this effort could be through<br>the purchase of renewable energy offsets such as through the<br>FPL Solar Together program. To achieve the 20% renewable<br>goal, the City could supplement installing solar with<br>purchasing offsets from the FPL Solar Together program<br>which would costs \$261K/month although a large fraction of<br>that would be offset by credits received. FPL estimates that<br>that credits under this program would exceed costs within 7<br>years, resulting in additional savings. However, this program<br>and other offset opportunities would require further<br>evaluation to determine actual costs, availability, capacity,<br>and benefits. |
| Consider GHG emissions in decision<br>making (Policy CC 1.1.2)                               | Realize 10% reduction in electricity<br>usage in City Operations from 2020<br>to 2030 by investing in energy<br>efficiency retrofits, energy<br>management programs, and battery<br>storage  | Movement to net zero must be include both efficiency<br>improvements and renewable energy increases. Efficiency is<br>often the cheapest means to reduce GHG emissions. Past<br>projects and studies have shown that a 10% energy reduction<br>would require investment of \$2-8m over 10 years with<br>paybacks between 2-12 years, depending on the solutions<br>implemented.  |

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| Reduce City vehicle fossil fuel use by<br>20% below 2015 levels by 2025 (EM<br>CC 1.2.5)      | Replace 50% of the fleet with low<br>emission, electric, and hybrid vehicles<br>for all non-emergency vehicles with<br>available alternative fuel models by<br>2030. | Fleet operations represents approximately 28% of City's GHG<br>emissions and any net zero goal must incorporate substantial<br>reductions in this area. Currently, the City has 1,196 light duty<br>vehicles including 142 hybrids, plugins and electric vehicles<br>(EVs) including over 500 emergency vehicles. To reach the<br>50% low emissions target, approximately another 300<br>vehicles would need to be converted to hybrid or EV over the<br>next 10 years. Estimated incremental costs may range from<br>\$2,000 (hybrids) - \$6,000 (EVs) per vehicle. For 300 vehicles,<br>total costs could range for \$0.6-2.6 million. Over the next<br>decade it is expected that the incremental cost of EVs will<br>decrease, manufacturers will substantially increase their EV<br>offerings, and, consequently, there will be more opportunity<br>to integrate them into the fleet. A comprehensive fleet study<br>would be required to obtain more specific cost estimates on a<br>vehicle by vehicle basis. Often the costs of these vehicles are<br>substantially offset by reduced maintenances and fuel costs. |
| Ensure multimodal options of<br>transportation exist along key<br>corridors (Policy CC 1.2.7) | Prioritize advocacy for and investment in multimodal transportation  | This would require lobbying partners such as the state and<br>county to incorporate multimodal into their roadway<br>projects. In addition, investment in City multimodal efforts<br>should be prioritized. Costs are not known with specificity.  |

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| Reduce community GHG emissions<br>(not specified in the Comp Plan) | <ul> <li>Adopting ordinances, policies and<br/>programs to reduce emissions in the<br/>community such as requirements for:</li> <li>Cool roof and cool hardscapes;</li> <li>Solar ready buildings and electric<br/>charger ready parking;</li> <li>Green building certification<br/>and/or features;</li> <li>Energy disclosure and efficiency<br/>upgrades; and</li> <li>Encouraging mixed use<br/>development.</li> </ul> | To have to have a significant contribution to global GHG<br>emission reductions the City must lead efforts to reduce<br>emission in the community as well as its own operations<br>through programs and ordinances. These items would have<br>minimal net cost to city operations. However, there may be<br>some cost to residents and property owners. As with most<br>energy improvements this would be an investment which will<br>ultimately provide savings to residents. |