## Consultant Report: Redistricting Alternatives for the City of Fort Lauderdale

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Note: This revision corrects a labeling error in the Option 3 Existing vs. Alternative Districts Map.

Introduction

The City of Fort Lauderdale contracted with Florida Atlantic University (FAU) to conduct an analysis of

their City Commission election districts. The contract outlines a process that has two main components:

(1) a population analysis of the current election districts and recommendation for redistricting and (2) the

creation of redistricting options for the City.

This report transmits an analysis of the 2020 U.S. Census apportionment dataset, adjusted for

development that has occurred since April 1st of 2020 (Census Day) and for future growth to the year

2023, as it relates to the existing City Commission election districts. These data were used to analyze the

population balance among the districts to determine whether they have fallen out of alignment, and, if

so, to what extent. We provide four redistricting alternatives, each of which improves population balance

substantially.

The 2020 Census

There are two primary differences that make the 2020 U.S. Census stand out from those that preceded it:

a significant delay in its release due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and the implementation of a brand new

'differential privacy' policy. We will briefly address both here for clarity and context.

The decennial census aims to capture a snapshot in time of the population of the United States of America.

Understanding that the population is constantly changing, with births, deaths, and migration patterns

constantly adjusting the fabric of the American people, Census Day represents a single moment in time

for which the U.S. population is enumerated with the greatest precision possible. This day is always April

1st. By this date, every household in America received an invitation to participate in the 2020 census, with

three options to respond: online, by mail, or by phone. The 2020 census was the first to include an online

response option. After this day is a period during which the U.S. Census Bureau follows up with non-

responders and begins a quality control process. Traditionally, the Census Bureau would deliver an

apportionment count to the U.S. President on December 31st, followed by a distribution of redistricting

data to the states exactly one year to the day after Census Day: in this case, April 1, 2021.

However, due to complications caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Census Bureau sought statutory

relief from Congress that would allow for apportionment counts to be delivered to the President by April

30, 2021, and redistricting data to be delivered to the states no later than September 30, 2021. Additionally, the Census Bureau compressed the typical three-month nonresponse follow up enumeration period to two and half months. Ultimately, redistricting data was released in a 'legacy format' on August 12, 2021. This delay complicated redistricting efforts for every electoral district in the nation. It also meant that the amount of error in the data, inherent to every census, would likely be greater in the 2020 census. The Census Bureau has since confirmed that the rate of missing information was higher in the 2020 census than in the 2010 census. However, they have also stated that this rate was lower than they initially feared.

The 2020 redistricting data is also the first to employ 'differential privacy protection'. This represents the Census Bureau's introduction of 'noise' into the data at the more local geographic scale (blocks and block groups) with the intent to strike a balance between data protection and precision. The effect is that while the enumeration counts can be trusted at the census tract level, we must anticipate a certain degree of 'fuzziness' at the block level. Specifically, while the aggregate count of population for a census tract will be accurate, a certain proportion of people and housing units will have been deliberately misallocated by the Census Bureau at the block level. While this may not be problematic in the realignment of Congressional Districts, for example, it certainly represents a challenge for Municipal Districts, for which the geographic precision of census blocks is highly desirable.

Taken together, therefore, the complications related to the COVID-19 pandemic and the implementation of 'differential privacy' introduce a certain amount of additional uncertainty to the primary source of data for this analysis (2020 Census Redistricting Data (PL 94-171)) that is unprecedented. Nevertheless, this data remains the basis upon which municipal redistricting efforts take place across the nation.

#### **Current Districts**

#### **An Evaluation of Future Growth**

To ensure that our recommended alternatives for redistricting reflect the most up-to-date information about population growth, they are based on projections to the beginning of 2023. City staff identified developments that were not included or only partially included in the April 1, 2020, Census counts but are now occupied or expected to be constructed and occupied by 2023. These include a mixture of multifamily and single-family homes. Population projections were established for these projects by multiplying the number of units by the Persons Per Household (PPH) value established by the U.S. Census for the City

Table 1 – City of Fort Lauderdale Population Estimates for Developments
Completed Since April 1st, 2020/Scheduled for Completion by January 2023

Subdivision	Units	Population Estimate	Current District
100 Las Olas	113	268	4
1224 NE 15th Townhouses	5	12	2
309 Hendricks Isle	5	12	2
501Seventeen	243	576	4
912 Victoria	10	24	2
Acacia at Progresso Village	20	47	2
Alluvion Las Olas	379	898	4
Apache Lofts	35	83	2
AquaBlu	35	83	1
Art Lofts	9	21	2
Belmont Village	204	204	1
Cluster 821	3	7	4
Croissant Park II	7	17	4
Davie 1	60	142	3
Four Seasons	83	197	2
Gardenia Park	46	109	2
Genco Cluster	3	7	2
Holden Senior Living	211	231	2
Los Patios	3	7	2
Millennium Townhomes	7	17	1
Next Las Olas	374	886	4
Novo Las Olas	341	808	4
One Financial Plaza Phase III	300	711	4
Palm Air Preserve	22	52	1
Pearl-Riverland	276	654	3
Permit level projects	315	722	ALL
RD Las Olas	311	737	4
Regatta	230	545	4
Riverwalk Residences of Las Olas	295	699	4
Sailboat Bend	215	510	4
Seven on Seventh	72	171	2
Six13	140	332	2
Society Las Olas	639	1,514	4
Suncrest Court - Blocks 1-4	116	275	3
The Terraces (527 Orton)	18	43	2
Townhomes at River Gardens	25	59	3
Victoria Park at 12	16	38	2
Village View	100	237	2
Here were	5,286	11,955	

of Fort Lauderdale (based on 2015-2019 American Community Survey data): 2.37 (with the result rounded to the nearest whole number). Additionally, two Assisted Living Facilities were identified. In their case, the anticipated population of both developments was provided. A summary of these units and their population projections are listed in **Table 1** above. (Note: In the case of the permit level projects, population projections were made at the census block level. Rounding error will thus produce a slight discrepancy in the population column if the reader attempts to multiply the total units for all these projects by the PPH value, rather than summing the projected population for each block, as was done in this case.) In total, 11,955 people will be added to the city's total population count, with the majority (8,405) being allotted to District 4, and much of the remainder added to Districts 2 and 3. The relative lack of development in District 1 suggests that it is likely to be falling behind in its share of the city's population, and that it may have to expand to compensate. After submission of the District Analysis report, the number of units and subsequent population was reduced based on updates from city staff. **Table 1** reflects the amended growth estimate.

#### **An Evaluation of the Existing Districts**

Accounting for this anticipated growth, the 2023 projected population for the City of Fort Lauderdale will be 194,715. Dividing by four puts the projected average population for each district at 48,679. The **Existing Districts Map** and **Table 2** show the geographic boundaries and projected population counts for the current districts. The district with the greatest projected population is District 4 with 60,364 residents; the district with the smallest projected population is District 1 with 42,614 residents. District 2, with a projected population of 49,765, is closest to the ideal district size.

The data show that the current districts are heavily unbalanced, and that the deviation is sufficient to warrant redistricting. District 4 will account for the greatest portion of the city's population at 29.01%. This deviates from the theoretical average population of 48,679 by 16.05%. District 1, the smallest district, will have 21.89% of the city population and deviate from the average by -12.46%. This represents a difference of 13,877 people between the two districts, and a spread of 28.51% (12.46% + 16.05%). The sum deviation of all districts is 36.56%, with a mean deviation of 9.14%. As such, the current population imbalance exceeds the standard criterion for redistricting: there must be no more than a 10% deviation between districts.

Table 2 - Current Council Districts - City of Fort Lauderdale
2020 Enumeration and 2023 Population Projection

Current Districts	2020 Population	% of City	Deviation From Average	2023 Population Projection	% of City	Deviation From Average
District 1	42,148	23.06	-7.75%	42,614	21.89	-12.46%
District 2	47,921	26.22	4.88%	49,765	25.56	2.23%
District 3	44,605	24.41	-2.37%	45,845	23.54	-5.82%
District 4	48,086	26.31	5.24%	56,491	29.01	16.05%
Total	182,760	100	20.25%	194,715	100	36.56%
Average	45,690	25	5.06%	48,679	25	9.14%

The data also reveal interesting trends. As a product of the city's rapid growth, since 2020 (at which time the population balance was already out of alignment) the mean deviation has increased significantly (from 5.06% to 9.14%), while the spread has more than doubled (from 12.99% to 28.51%). District 4 has gained in its relative share of population at the expense of the others, while District 2 has fallen near to the average, and Districts 1 and 3 have fallen well below it. Should this trend of rapid growth continue, the city may not want to wait for the next decennial census before engaging in another redistricting effort.

The overall pattern of district boundary changes needs to increase the population of Districts 1 and 3, while reducing that of District 4. This will, of course, necessitate an adjustment of their geographic boundaries where Districts 1 and 3 gain territory, while District 4 must contract in size. Due to the unique geography of the city, any expansion of District 1 will have to occur at its southern border with District 2. This will lead to a domino effect where District 2 will have to gain territory from Districts 3 and/or 4. Additionally, where possible, improvements in population balance, compactness, and contiguity will be sought for each of the districts.

## City of Fort Lauderdale Existing Commission Districts 441 SE 15TH ST 1 CYPRESS CREEK RD WPROSPECTRD DR WCOMMERCIALBLVD WOAKLAND PARKBLVD NW 19TH ST POWERLINE RD NE 13TH ST **ESUNRISE BLVD** W SUNRISE BLVD NEGTHAVE NW 6TH ST AIA W BROWARD BLVD LAS OLAS BLVD RIVERLAND RD SW 31ST AVE DAVIE BLVD SE 17TH ST 95 MARINA BLVD ELLER DR 441 Revision Date: 3/21/2022 City of Fort Lauderdale District 4 Contact: James Gammack-Clark District 1 Filename: Fort\_Lauderdale.aprx 100 North Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 Sources: U.S. Census Bureau City of Fort Lauderdale District 3 District 2 Tel. (954) 828-5003/5004 Feet Florida Atlantic University 2,000 4,000

### **Redistricting Criteria and Data Sources**

To conduct the City's redistricting process, the consultant will abide by the following standards by which rational districts are developed nationwide and which are supported by case law and practice throughout the nation. These criteria can be summarized as follows:

#### 1) Reasonable population equality across districts:

- Districts should have approximately the same number of people when all persons, regardless of age, are counted. Ideal district size is based on the total population divided by the number of districts.
- Redistricting should adhere to Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended and interpreted through case law. This criterion requires that minority population clusters be respected in the development of district boundaries. Arbitrary dilution and other discriminatory practices are prohibited.
- o Redistricting should adhere to Florida's Fair Districting Amendment.
- Although deviations should be avoided wherever possible, there must be no more than a 10% overall deviation from the ideal size across districts.

#### 2) Geographic contiguity and appropriate compactness:

- Major natural and manmade boundaries should be followed to the extent possible in defining boundaries of voting districts.
- The integrity of communities of interest should be maintained based on race, life cycle/age, income, and other community identity characteristics such as subdivisions.
- The degree of change in pre-existing patterns of districts should be minimized, to promote continuity of citizen identification with a district.
- District compactness and spatial contiguity should be maintained. A compact shape for each district will be sought in each redistricting option presented to the city.

The first criterion is of primary importance; the second is significant in guiding decisions in reaching reasonable population balance. These criteria are consistent with the City of Fort Lauderdale charter:

### **The City Charter**

Not later than April 1, 1987 the city commission shall, by ordinance, adopt, create and establish four (4) separate and distinct geographical commission districts. Except as is provided herein for noncontiguous parcels, the four (4) districts to be created and established by the city commission shall be of contiguous territory and as approximately equal in population as is practicable. If there are parcels of land which are within the corporate limits of and which are part of the City of Fort Lauderdale, but which parcels are not contiguous to any other parcel or tract of land which is within the corporate limits of the City of Fort Lauderdale, then such noncontiguous parcel(s) shall either be made part of one (1) of the districts to be created as provided for herein or if such parcel(s) has a population approximately equal to the other commission districts to be created, then such parcel(s) may be a commission districts. In creating and establishing the four (4) city commission districts, the city commission shall use the most recent United States Census data to determine population figures. After the receipt of the published information of each decennial census, the city commission shall reestablish the boundaries of the four (4) commission districts so that the districts shall be as approximately equal in population as is practicable.

In developing revised Fort Lauderdale City Commission election districts, the spatial units used in composing or building the districts are residential housing subdivisions (communities) and U.S. Census blocks. Subdivisions are typically homogeneous in their housing characteristics and thus serve households with broadly similar interests. Therefore, district borders are typically subdivision boundaries and associated major roadways or other obvious physical features. U.S. Census blocks are typically subunits in subdivisions and are the smallest spatial unit used in tabulating Census data.

#### **Alternatives**

Given the necessity for redistricting based on growth within the City, three map alternatives have been developed and are transmitted herein for review and discussion. In our opinion, all three alternatives meet standard districting guidelines and the requirements of the City Charter. They represent alternative ways to better balance district populations, while also keeping with the intent of the other identified guidelines. The districts' projected population figures and existing boundaries are used as the primary reference in discussing the changes in each of the map alternatives. The FAU redistricting team received comments regarding the redistricting process, population numbers, and creation of map alternatives during a City Commission Conference Meeting held on March 15, 2022, and a public meeting held on March 17, 2022.

#### **Alternative 1**

Alternative 1 presents a revised district plan with a focus on improving overall population balance as well as compactness. This Alternative has an impact on the geography of all four election districts. The impact of these modifications on the City Commission districts' 2023 projected populations and geographic boundaries is reflected in **Table 3**, the **Alternative 1 Map**, and the **Existing vs Alternative 1 Comparison Map**.

Table 3 – Alternative Districts 1 – City of Fort Lauderdale 2020 Enumeration and 2023 Population Projection

Alt. 1	2020 Population	% of City	Deviation From Average	2023 Population Projection	% of City	Deviation From Average
District 1	47,857	26.19	4.74%	48,592	24.96	-0.18%
District 2	41,562	22.74	-9.03%	49,111	25.22	0.89%
District 3	46,566	25.48	1.92%	48,407	24.86	-0.56%
District 4	46,775	25.59	2.37%	48,605	24.96	-0.15%
Total	182,760	100	18.07%	194,715	100	1.78%
Average	45,690	25	4.52%	48,679	25	0.44%

Alternative 1 provides the lowest total deviation (1.78%) and average deviation (0.44%) of the three map alternatives. The option has a spread of 1.45% (0.89 + 0.56) when examining the gap between the smallest and largest districts. In addition to improving the population imbalance, when compared to the existing districts, this map alternative also achieves improved compactness. District 2 is the largest with a population of 49,111, which is 432 above the average of 48,679. District 3 is the smallest with 48,407

people, which is 272 below the ideal district size.

Description of changes by district for Alternative 1

District 1

District 1 gains population from District 2 by obtaining the area west of Federal Highway or the Middle

River to Powerline Road and north of NW and NE 13th Street up to the municipal boundary. It also gains

the small area south of NE 13th Street, east of Federal Highway, north of Sunrise Boulevard, and west of

the Middle River. To offset the population expansion to the west and to improve compactness, District 1

loses to District 2 the area south of Sunrise Boulevard as well as the area north of Oakland Park Boulevard

and east of the Intracoastal Waterway along the coast.

District 2

In addition to exchanging territory with District 1 as mentioned above, District 2 gains from District 4 the

area between of Broward Boulevard and the New River, with the Florida East Coast (FEC) Railway to the

west and Las Olas Isles to the east (each of the four options includes this change). District 2 also gains that

part of District 4 that is east of the Intracoastal Waterway. District 2 loses to District 3 the area west of

the Railway between NE 13th Street to the north and Broward Boulevard to the South. District 2 loses to

District 4 the Sailboat Bend area west of the Railway between Broward Boulevard and the New River (each

of the four options also includes this change).

District 3

District 3 gains territory from District 2 as described above. It also loses its territory south of Davie

Boulevard to District 4.

District 4

As noted above, District 4 loses two areas: the territory east of the Intracoastal Waterway and the territory

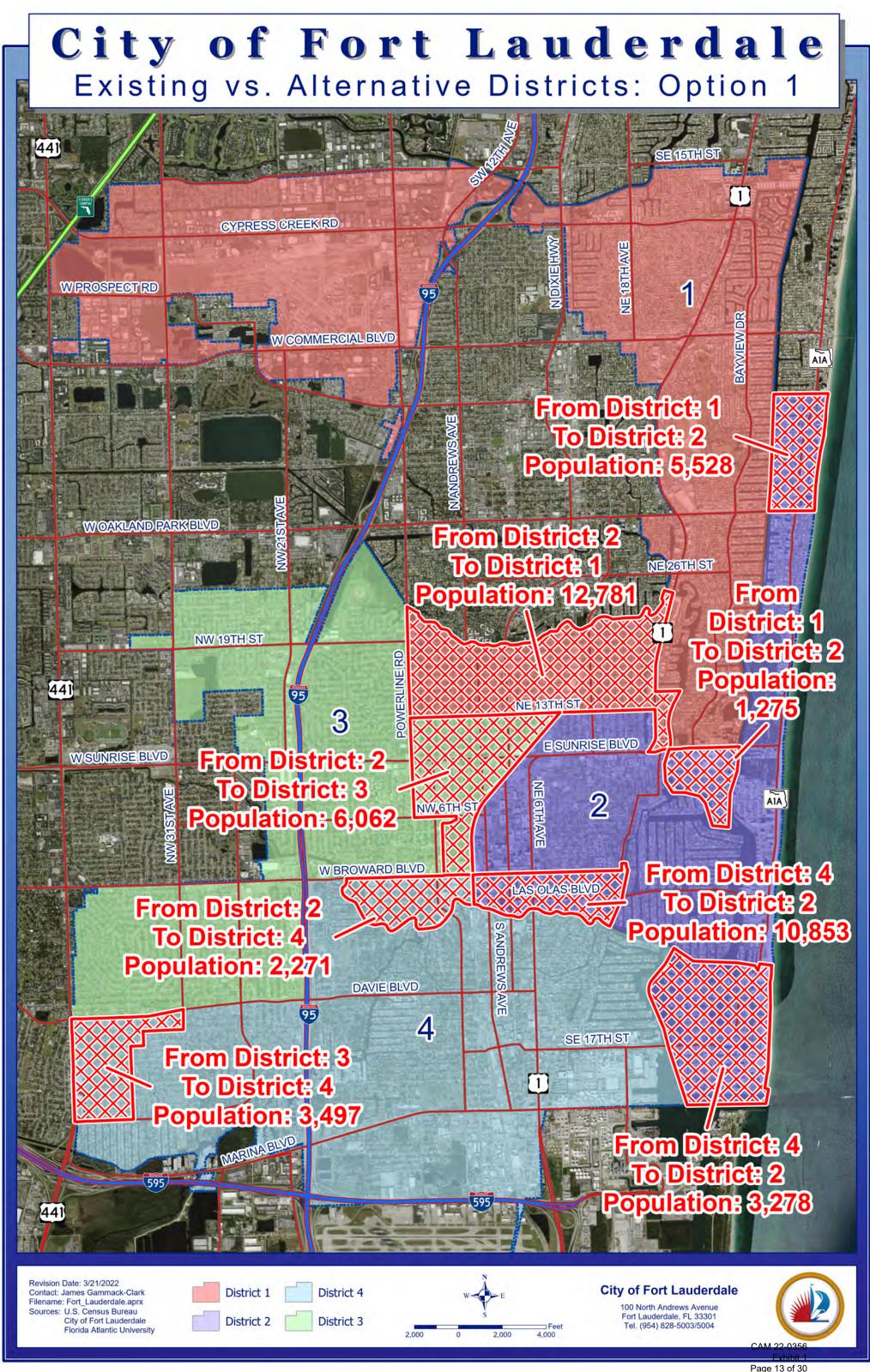
north of the New River and east of the Railway. It gains two areas: the Sailboat Bend territory north of the

New River, south of Broward Boulevard, and west of the Railway and the territory south of Davie

Boulevard that was formerly in District 3.

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## City of Fort Lauderdale Alternative Districts: Option 441 SE 15TH ST 1 CYPRESS CREEK RD WPROSPECTRD DR W COMMERCIAL BLVD WOAKLAND PARKBLVD NW 19TH ST POWERLINE RD NE 13TH ST **ESUNRISE BLVD** W SUNRISE BLVD NW 6TH ST 2 AĨA) W BROWARD BLVD LAS OLAS BLVD RIVERLAND RD SW 31ST AVE DAVIE BLVD 4 SE 17TH ST 95 MARINA BLVD ELLER DR 441 Revision Date: 3/21/2022 District 4 City of Fort Lauderdale Contact: James Gammack-Clark District 1 Filename: Fort\_Lauderdale.aprx 100 North Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 Sources: U.S. Census Bureau City of Fort Lauderdale District 3 District 2 Tel. (954) 828-5003/5004 Florida Atlantic University 2,000 4,000 Page 12 of 30



#### **Alternative 2**

Alternative 2 presents a revised district plan with a focus on improving overall population balance. This Alternative has an impact on the geography of all four election districts. The impact of these modifications on the City Commission districts' 2023 projected populations and geographic boundaries is reflected in **Table 4**, the **Alternative 2 Map**, and the **Existing vs Alternative 2 Comparison Map**.

Table 4 – Alternative Districts 2 – City of Fort Lauderdale 2020 Enumeration and 2023 Population Projection

Alt. 2	2020 Population	% of City	Deviation From Average	2023 Population Projection	% of City	Deviation From Average
District 1	47,637	26.07	4.26%	48,198	24.75	-0.99%
District 2	41,289	22.59	-9.63%	49,024	25.18	0.71%
District 3	47,059	25.75	3.00%	48,888	25.11	0.43%
District 4	46,775	25.59	2.37%	48,605	24.96	-0.15%
Total	182,760	100	19.26%	194,715	100	2.28%
Average	45,690	25	4.82%	48,679	25	0.57%

Alternative 2 provides a total deviation of 2.28%, a spread of 1.7% (0.99 + 0.71), and average deviation of 0.57%. In addition to improving the population imbalance, when compared to the existing districts, this map alternative also achieves improved compactness. District 2 is the largest with a population of 49,024, which is 345 above the average of 48,679. District 1 is the smallest with 48,198 people, which is 481 below the ideal district size.

#### **Description of changes by district for Alternative 2**

#### District 1

District 1 gains territory from District 2 by expanding west from Federal Highway or the Middle River to Powerline Road (north of NW 15th Street) or Andrews Avenue (south of NW 15th Street). The southern boundaries of this new territory are Sunrise Boulevard (between Andrews Avenue and the Middle River) and NW 15th Street (between Powerline Road and Andrews Avenue). District 1 loses territory to District 2 east of the Intracoastal Waterway and north of Oakland Park Boulevard (as in Alternative 1), south of Sunrise Boulevard (also as in Alternative 1), and between Bayview Drive and the Intracoastal Waterway south of Oakland Park Drive and north of Sunrise Boulevard.

#### District 2

In addition to the shift of territory between District 1 and District 2 described above, District 2 gains and loses territory in the area between Broward Boulevard and the New River (as in the other alternatives). It also gains the part of District 4 that is east of the Intracoastal Waterway (as in Alternatives 1 and 4). It loses to District 3 the area west of the FEC Railway or Andrews Avenue (whichever is further west), south of NW 15th Street, and north of Broward Boulevard.

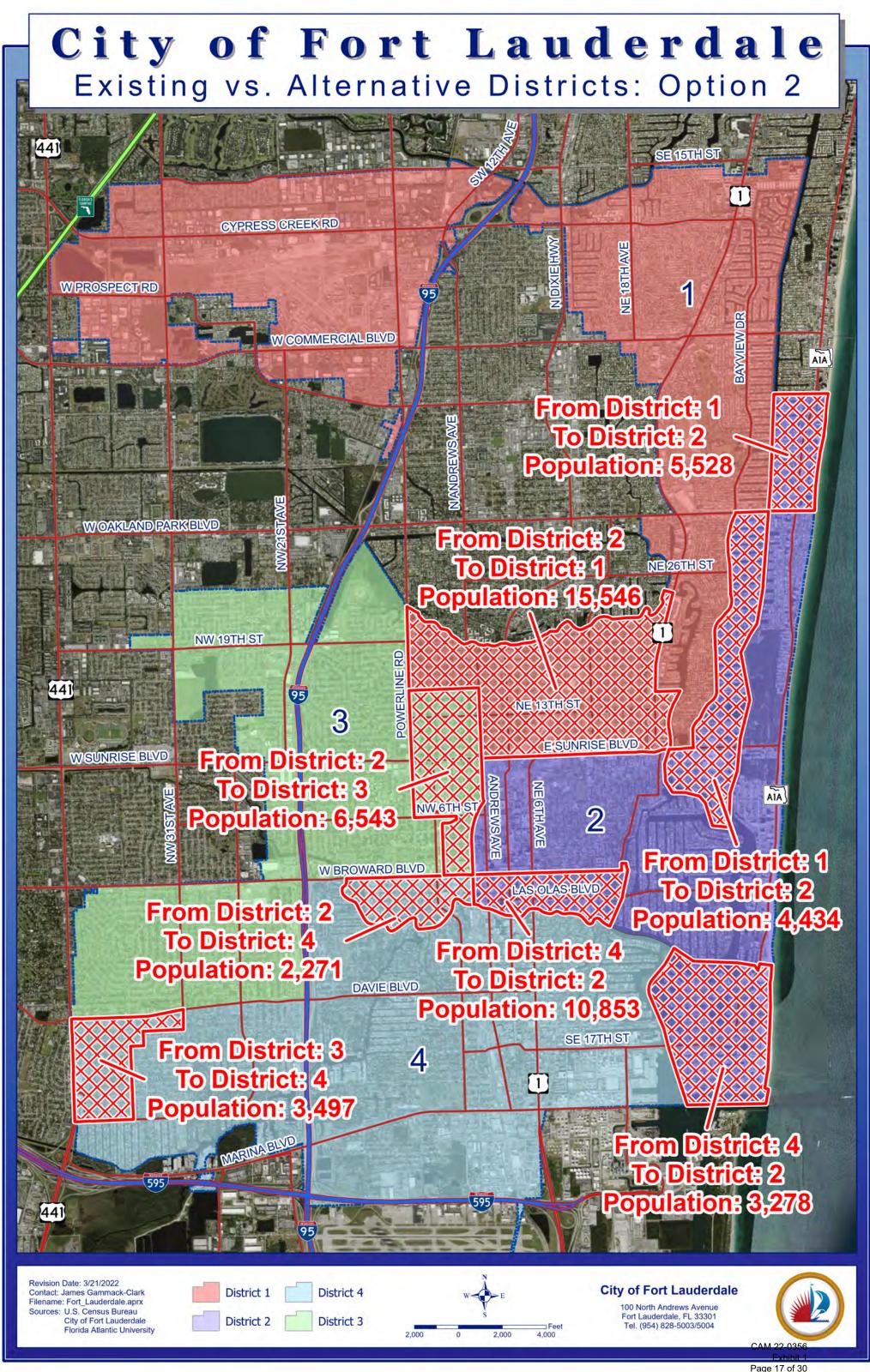
#### District 3

District 3 gains territory from District 2 as noted above. Also, as in Alternatives 1 and 4, District 3 loses to District 4 the territory south of Davie Boulevard.

#### District 4

The changes to District 4 in Alternative 2 are the same as in Alternative 1.

## City of Fort Lauderdale Alternative Districts: Option SE 15TH ST 1 CYPRESS CREEK RD WPROSPECTRD DR W COMMERCIAL BLVD WOAKLAND PARKBLVD NW 19TH ST POWERLINE RD NE 13TH ST ESUNRISEBLVD W SUNRISE BLVD NW 6TH ST AĨA W BROWARD BLVD LAS OLAS BLVD RIVERLAND RD SW 31ST AVE DAVIE BLVD 4 SE 17TH ST 95 MARINA BLVD ELLER DR 441 Revision Date: 3/21/2022 District 4 City of Fort Lauderdale Contact: James Gammack-Clark District 1 Filename: Fort\_Lauderdale.aprx 100 North Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 Sources: U.S. Census Bureau City of Fort Lauderdale District 3 District 2 Tel. (954) 828-5003/5004 Florida Atlantic University 2,000 4,000 Page 16 of 30



#### **Alternative 3**

Alternative 3 presents a revised district plan with a strict focus on improving overall population balance. This Alternative has an impact on the geography of all four election districts. The impact of these modifications on the City Commission districts' 2023 projected populations and geographic boundaries is reflected in **Table 5**, the **Alternative 3 Map**, and the **Existing vs Alternative 3 Comparison Map**.

Table 5 - Alternative Districts 3 - City of Fort Lauderdale
2020 Enumeration and 2023 Population Projection

Alt. 3	2020 Population	% of City	Deviation From Average	2023 Population Projection	% of City	Deviation From Average
District 1	48,160	26.35	5.41%	48,878	25.10	0.41%
District 2	40,920	22.39	-10.44%	48,487	24.90	-0.39%
District 3	47,155	25.80	3.21%	48,964	25.15	0.59%
District 4	46,525	25.46	1.83%	48,386	24.85	-0.60%
Total	182,760	100	20.88%	194,715	100	1.99%
Average	45,690	25	5.22%	48,679	25	0.50%

Alternative 3 provides a total deviation of 1.78% and average deviation of 0.50%. The spread between the largest and smallest districts is the lowest of the three options at 1.19% (0.59 + 0.60). District 3 is the largest with a population of 48,964, which is 285 above the average of 48,679. District 4 is the smallest with 48,386 people, which is 293 below the ideal district size.

#### **Description of changes by district for Alternative 3**

#### District 1

In Alternative 3, District 1 gains territory by expanding to the east, gaining from District 2 the area south of Oakland Park Boulevard, and east of the Intracoastal Waterway south to Las Olas Boulevard. District 1 gives up the area west and south of the Middle River, east of Federal Highway, and north of the westerly extension of NE 14th Street.

#### District 2

District 2 loses territory to District 3 in the area west of the FEC Railway or Andrews Avenue (whichever is further west), south of Sunrise Boulevard, and north of Broward Boulevard.

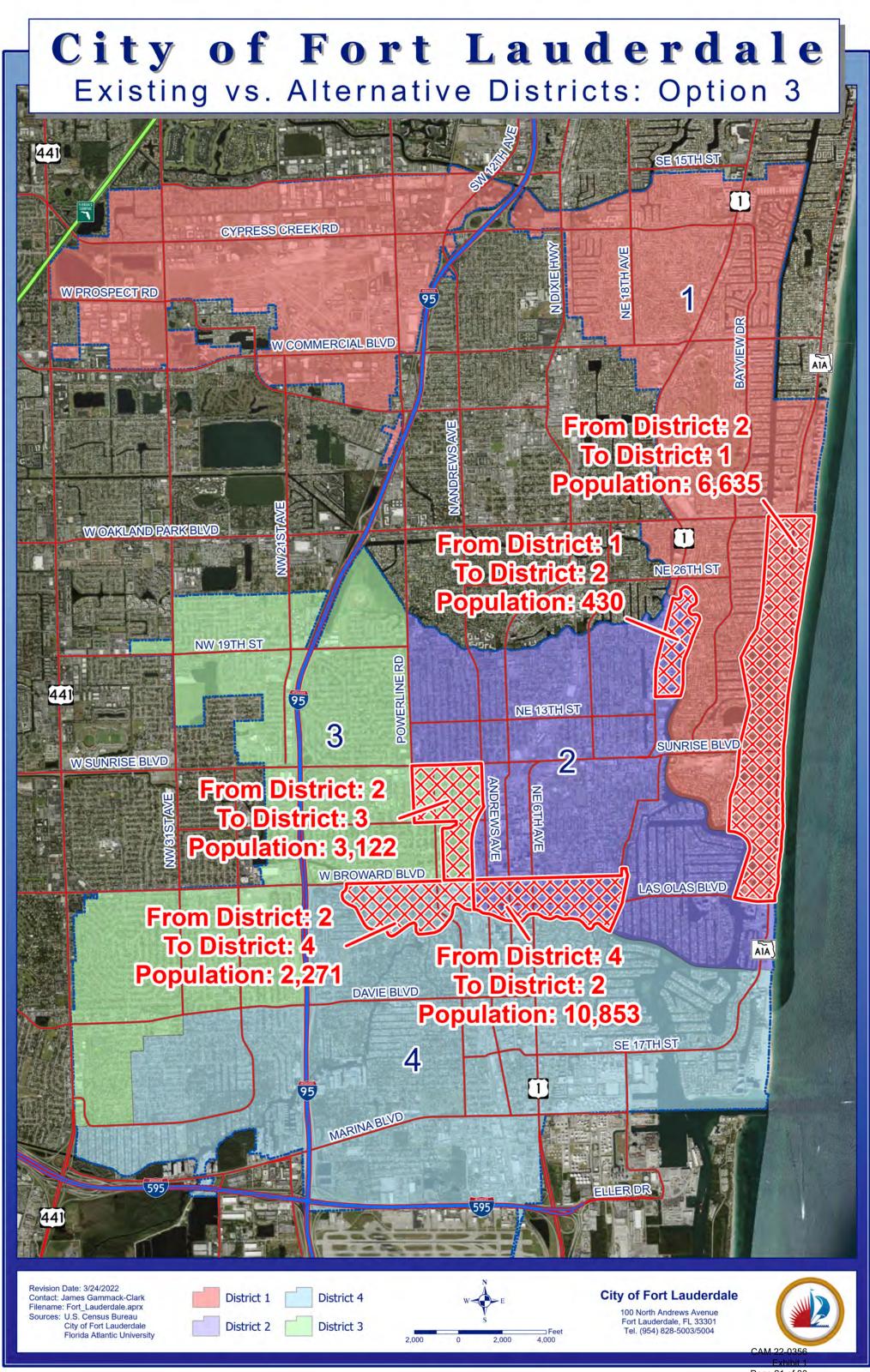
#### District 3

District 3 gains territory from District 2 as noted above.

#### District 4

District 4 swaps territory with District 2 in the area south of Broward Boulevard and north of the New River as in the other alternatives.

# City of Fort Lauderdale Alternative Districts: Option SE 15TH ST 1 CYPRESS CREEK RD WPROSPECTRD DR W COMMERCIAL BLVD WOAKLAND PARKBLVD NW 19TH ST POWERLINE RD NE 13TH ST ESUNRISE BLVD W SUNRISE BLVD NEGTHAVE NW 6TH ST AĨA) W BROWARD BLVD LAS OLAS BLVD RIVERLAND RD SW 31ST AVE DAVIE BLVD SE 17TH ST 95 MARINA BLVD ELLER DR 441 Revision Date: 3/21/2022 City of Fort Lauderdale District 4 Contact: James Gammack-Clark District 1 Filename: Fort\_Lauderdale.aprx 100 North Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 Sources: U.S. Census Bureau City of Fort Lauderdale District 3 District 2 Tel. (954) 828-5003/5004 Florida Atlantic University 2,000 4,000



#### **Alternative 4**

Alternative 4 presents a revised district plan with a focus on improving overall population balance while also making the districts more compact. This Alternative has an impact on the geography of all four election districts. The impact of these modifications on the City Commission districts' 2023 projected populations and geographic boundaries is reflected in **Table 6**, the **Alternative 4 Map**, and the **Existing vs Alternative 4 Comparison Map**.

Table 6 - Alternative Districts 4 - City of Fort Lauderdale 2020 Enumeration and 2023 Population Projection

Alt. 4	2020 Population	% of City	Deviation From Average	2023 Population Projection	% of City	Deviation From Average
District 1	49,670	27.18	8.71%	49,935	25.65	2.58%
District 2	39,749	21.75	-13.00%	47,768	24.53	-1.87%
District 3	46,566	25.48	1.92%	48,407	24.86	-0.56%
District 4	46,775	25.59	2.37%	48,605	24.96	-0.15%
Total	182,760	100	26.01%	194,715	100	5.16%
Average	45,690	25	6.50%	48,679	25	1.29%

Alternative 4 provides a total deviation of 5.16% and average deviation of 1.29%. The spread between the largest and smallest districts is 4.45% (1.87 + 2.58). District 1 is the largest with a population of 49,935, which is 1,256 above the average of 48,679. District 2 is the smallest with 47,768 people, which is 911 below the ideal district size.

#### Description of changes by district for Alternative 4

#### District 1

Alternative 4 is a modification of Alternative 1. In contrast to Alternative 1, Alternative 4 retains the beachfront section of District 1 in that district and compensates for that by shifting the area south of Oakland Park Boulevard and east of Bayview Drive to District 2. Also, the small area south of NE 14th Street and its westerly extension between Federal Highway and Bayview Drive shifts from District 1 to District 2.

#### District 2

District 2 swaps territory with District 1 as described above. The other changes to District 2 are the same as in Alternatives 1 and 4.

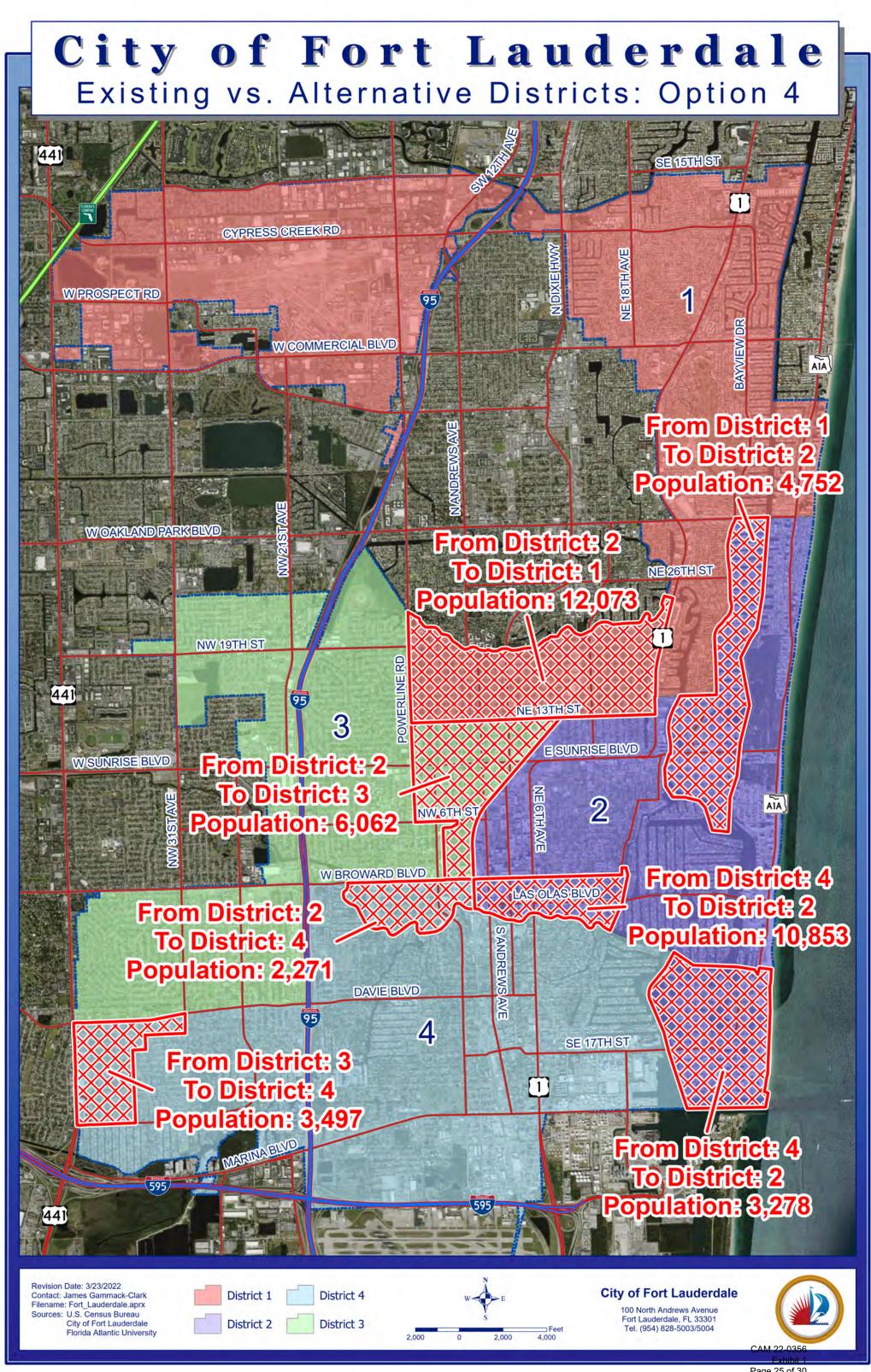
#### District 3

District 3 gains territory from District 2 and loses territory to District 4 as in Alternative 1.

#### District 4

District 4 swaps territory with District 2 in the area south of Broward Boulevard and north of the New River as in each of the other alternatives. As in Alternatives 1 and 2, District 4 loses the territory east of the Intracoastal Waterway to District 2 and gains area from District 3 south of Davie Boulevard.

## City of Fort Lauderdale Alternative Districts: Option 441 SE 15TH ST 1 CYPRESS CREEK RD WPROSPECTRD DR W COMMERCIAL BLVD WOAKLAND PARKBLVD NW 19TH ST POWERLINE RD NE 13TH ST ESUNRISEBLVD W SUNRISE BLVD NW 6TH ST 2 AĨA) W BROWARD BLVD LAS OLAS BLVD RIVERLAND RD SW 31ST AVE DAVIE BLVD 4 SE 17TH ST 95 MARINA BLVD ELLER DR 441 Revision Date: 3/23/2022 District 4 City of Fort Lauderdale Contact: James Gammack-Clark District 1 Filename: Fort\_Lauderdale.aprx 100 North Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 Sources: U.S. Census Bureau City of Fort Lauderdale District 3 District 2 Tel. (954) 828-5003/5004 Florida Atlantic University 2,000 4,000 Page 24 of 30



### **Summary**

The substantial population imbalance across Fort Lauderdale's City Commission districts requires District 1 to expand and District 4 to contract. District 1 needs to expand at its southern edge either to the west or to the east. Alternatives 1, 2, and 4 involve expansion of District 1 to the west, while Alternative 3 involves expansion to the east. Alternatives 1 and 2 both consolidate all beachfront in a single district, District 2. All four alternatives include shifting of territory from District 2 to District 3 and rearrangement of the area between Broward Boulevard and the New River. Alternative 3 involves the least amount of geographic change.

The existing imbalance and the four alternative map options are compared in Table 7. All the alternatives produce a substantial improvement in the deviation statistics, with the spread between the largest and smallest districts reduced to less than 5% in each case. Alternative 3 affects the fewest people, while Alternative 2 affects the most.

Table 7 - Comparison of Redistricting Alternatives - City of Fort Lauderdale

Configuration	Impacted Population	Total Deviation	Mean Deviation	Spread
Existing	N/A	35.56	9.14	28.51
Alternative 1	45,545	1.78	0.44	1.45
Alternative 2	51,950	2.28	0.57	1.70
Alternative 3	23,311	1.99	0.50	1.19
Alternative 4	42,786	5.16	1.29	4.45

### **Appendix**

### **District Demographics**

The tables below depict the demographics taken from the 2020 U.S. Census for the existing City Commission districts and the four alternatives. Note that the columns 'White' through 'Other' sum to the City's population total. These categories represent the U.S. Census' definition of race. The last two columns ('Hispanic or Latino' and 'Not Hispanic or Latino') also sum to the City's population total (the U.S. Census' classification of ethnicity). District 3, which is the sole district with a minority majority, retains that status in all the alternatives.

# Current Commission Districts – City of Fort Lauderdale Expanded Demographics, U.S. Census 2020

District (Existing)	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic or Latino	Not Hispanic or Latino
1	42,148	30,992 (73.53%)	2,371 (5.63%)	102 (0.24%)	1,035 (2.46%)	24 (0.06%)	7,624 (18.09%)	7,749 (18.39%)	34,399 (81.61%)
2	47,921	28,919 (60.35%)	10,069 (21.01%)	156 (0.33%)	1,104 (2.3%)	21 (0.04%)	7,652 (15.97%)	7,884 (16.45%)	40,037 (83.55%)
3	44,605	4,237 (9.5%)	33,472 (75.04%)	176 (0.39%)	252 (0.56%)	11 (0.02%)	6,457 (14.48%)	7,196 (16.13%)	37,409 (83.87%)
4	48,086	30,544 (63.52%)	4,597 (9.56%)	161 (0.33%)	1,249 (2.6%)	32 (0.07%)	11,503 (23.92%)	12,347 (25.68%)	35,739 (74.32%)
	182,760	94,692 (51.81%)	50,509 (27.64%)	595 (0.33%)	3,640 (1.99%)	88 (0.05%)	33,236 (18.19%)	35,176 (19.25%)	147,584 (80.75%)

# Alternative 1 Districts - City of Fort Lauderdale Expanded Demographics, U.S. Census 2020

District (Alt 1)	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic or Latino	Not Hispanic or Latino
1	47,857	31,373 (65.56%)	6,245 (13.05%)	146 (0.31%)	1,101 (2.3%)	29 (0.06%)	8,963 (18.73%)	9,185 (19.19%)	38,672 (80.81%)
2	41,562	32,040 (77.09%)	2,104 (5.06%)	99 (0.24%)	1,149 (2.76%)	15 (0.04%)	6,155 (14.81%)	6,181 (14.87%)	35,381 (85.13%)
3	46,566	3,859 (8.29%)	36,788 (79%)	157 (0.34%)	223 (0.48%)	9 (0.02%)	5,530 (11.88%)	5,981 (12.84%)	40,585 (87.16%)
4	46,775	27,420 (58.62%)	5,372 (11.48%)	193 (0.41%)	1,167 (2.49%)	35 (0.07%)	12,588 (26.91%)	13,829 (29.56%)	32,946 (70.44%)
	182,760	94,692 (51.81%)	50,509 (27.64%)	595 (0.33%)	3,640 (1.99%)	88 (0.05%)	33,236 (18.19%)	35,176 (19.25%)	147,584 (80.75%)

# Alternative 2 Districts - City of Fort Lauderdale Expanded Demographics, U.S. Census 2020

District (Alt 2)	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic or Latino	Not Hispanic or Latino
1	47,637	31,045 (65.17%)	6,083 (12.77%)	159 (0.33%)	1,120 (2.35%)	33 (0.07%)	9,197 (19.31%)	9,499 (19.94%)	38,138 (80.06%)
2	41,289	32,414 (78.51%)	1,813 (4.39%)	83 (0.2%)	1,132 (2.74%)	11 (0.03%)	5,836 (14.13%)	5,814 (14.08%)	35,475 (85.92%)
3	47,059	3,813 (8.1%)	37,241 (79.14%)	160 (0.34%)	221 (0.47%)	9 (0.02%)	5,615 (11.93%)	6,034 (12.82%)	41,025 (87.18%)
4	46,775	27,420 (58.62%)	5,372 (11.48%)	193 (0.41%)	1,167 (2.49%)	35 (0.07%)	12,588 (26.91%)	13,829 (29.56%)	32,946 (70.44%)
	182,760	94,692 (51.81%)	50,509 (27.64%)	595 (0.33%)	3,640 (1.99%)	88 (0.05%)	33,236 (18.19%)	35,176 (19.25%)	147,584 (80.75%)

# Alternative 3 Districts - City of Fort Lauderdale Expanded Demographics, U.S. Census 2020

District (Alt 3)	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic or Latino	Not Hispanic or Latino
1	48,160	35,902 (74.55%)	2,521 (5.23%)	106 (0.22%)	1,192 (2.48%)	27 (0.06%)	8,412 (17.47%)	8,444 (17.53%)	39,716 (82.47%)
2	40,920	25,384 (62.03%)	7,639 (18.67%)	144 (0.35%)	1,004 (2.45%)	17 (0.04%)	6,732 (16.45%)	6,994 (17.09%)	33,926 (82.91%)
3	47,155	4,601 (9.76%)	35,379 (75.03%)	184 (0.39%)	270 (0.57%)	11 (0.02%)	6,710 (14.23%)	7,455 (15.81%)	39,700 (84.19%)
4	46,525	28,805 (61.91%)	4,970 (10.68%)	161 (0.35%)	1,174 (2.52%)	33 (0.07%)	11,382 (24.46%)	12,283 (26.4%)	34,242 (73.6%)
	182,760	94,692 (51.81%)	50,509 (27.64%)	595 (0.33%)	3,640 (1.99%)	88 (0.05%)	33,236 (18.19%)	35,176 (19.25%)	147,584 (80.75%)

# Alternative 4 Districts – City of Fort Lauderdale Expanded Demographics, U.S. Census 2020

District (Alt 4)	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Other	Hispanic or Latino	Not Hispanic or Latino
1	49,670	33,094 (66.63%)	6,232 (12.55%)	154 (0.31%)	1,148 (2.31%)	29 (0.06%)	9,014 (18.15%)	9,294 (18.71%)	40,376 (81.29%)
2	39,749	30,319 (76.28%)	2,117 (5.33%)	91 (0.23%)	1,102 (2.77%)	15 (0.04%)	6,104 (15.36%)	6,072 (15.28%)	33,677 (84.72%)
3	46,566	3,859 (8.29%)	36,788 (79%)	157 (0.34%)	223 (0.48%)	9 (0.02%)	5,530 (11.88%)	5,981 (12.84%)	40,585 (87.16%)
4	46,775	27,420 (58.62%)	5,372 (11.48%)	193 (0.41%)	1,167 (2.49%)	35 (0.07%)	12,588 (26.91%)	13,829 (29.56%)	32,946 (70.44%)
	182,760	94,692 (51.81%)	50,509 (27.64%)	595 (0.33%)	3,640 (1.99%)	88 (0.05%)	33,236 (18.19%)	35,176 (19.25%)	147,584 (80.75%)